

## Latest Irish News

## ULSTER.

Edward Smith, a well-known Canadian resident, who for over thirty years had been manager of the drapery establishment of James P. J. in that town, died on August 15 at Jersey hospital.

Colonel Sir William FitzWilliam Lennox-Cowlingham, K. C. B., of Spring Hill, Moneyreagh, County Derry, who died December 4, 1906, aged 82 years, left personal estate in the United Kingdom valued at £17,499 15s 2d.

An inquest was held on August 15 at Bundoran touching the death of a man named John McGuigan of Tullaghan, County Leitrim, whose body was found at the foot of the cliffs near the west end of the town the previous morning, he having accidentally fallen from the top of the cliff, which is about fifty feet high at the spot.

Died—Recently, John Connolly, Derryharry, aged 79 years. August 15, suddenly, James Keane, Killyclogh, aged 22 years.

A large number of Americans have been staying at the Stewart Arms hotel, Cookstown, recently. These include Rev. Thomas J. Larkin, S. M., rector of Holy Church, New Orleans; Dr. Monahan, New York; Counselor Shields and Mrs. Shields, New York; Thomas Devlin, an Irish magnate of Philadelphia, and party, and Mrs. Caroline Begley, Philadelphia.

## MUNSTER.

Rev. Frank Scannan of Chicago is at present on a visit to Ireland and is staying with his sister, Miss Annie and Maggie Scannan, New street, Killybegs.

The late Lieutenant General Sir William Francis Butler, P. C., K. C. B., of Banah, county Devonport, who died on June 7 last, left personal estate within the United Kingdom valued at £9,021 15s 9d.

Recently Hon. Myles O'Brien of New York City, accompanied by Mrs. O'Brien, paid a visit to his native town, Newcastle West, after an absence of over forty years.

Died—August 12, Mrs. C. Raber, Dunhill, August 13, John Ryan, Morley Terrace, Tralee. August 16, Michael Crowe, 4 Henry street, Watford.

At Lismore urban hospital recently, Michael Cuffe, aged about 58, succumbed to injuries received while riding a 3-year-old horse. He was for many years a member of the Lismore guardians and district council, and was also a member of the Lismore branch U. I. L.

The Dungarvan urban council recently passed a resolution congratulating their distinguished townsman, the Rev. M. McGrath, O. S. A., of St. Patrick's, Rome, on being selected to preach the panegyric of St. Patrick on the occasion of the pilgrimage to Croaghpatrick.

John Hogan, a pump sinker of Pound street, was killed on the farm of Thomas Hogan, Ballyclough, by a charge of dynamite which he was in the act of using to dislodge some rock.

## LEINSTER.

Miss M. B. Nolan, only daughter of the late James Nolan, Slaney Quarter, Tullow, made her profession as a Carmelite nun in the convent of Loughrea, County Galway, on August 16, taking in religion the name of Sister Mary Evangelist of the Holy Face.

Dr. J. White, Tullaroan, has been appointed medical officer of the Ballyragget dispensary district at a salary of £100 per year, rising by £20 every five years until £120 is reached.

Died—Recently, Dick Elvers, Newtown, died 28 years. August 8, Mrs. Igoo, Longford, aged 94 years.

On Sunday morning, August 14, Daniel Farrell Capard, distant four miles from Mountmellick, expired from an epileptic fit of three hours' duration. The deceased was a laborer and had attained the age of 50. On the same day a Portlanning laborer named Christy Fitzgerald, aged 40, or thereabouts, succumbed to an attack of hemorrhage from the lungs after an hour.

Died—August 10, at Barrack street, Wexford, Maggie, dearly beloved daughter of Thomas and Mary Breen, August 11, at her residence, 41 South Main street, Wexford, Mary, relict of the late Francis Cosgrave, aged 74 years. August 12, at his brother's residence, Broadway, County Wexford, Richard Purcell, aged 47 years.

## CONNAGHT.

## GALWAY.

At the meeting of the Royal Humane society in London, on August 17, a testimonial was given to the late Patrick Green, Roundstone, Galway, for plunging fully clothed into twelve feet of water in the harbor there and saving a boy named Barrett on July 17.

Dr. Bradshaw, for forty-five years in the service of Leitrim county infirmary as surgeon, has resigned his position to the regret of all classes of the community.

The Ballina sawmills owned by Mr. James Ahern were destroyed by fire on August 16, the damage being estimated at £12,000.

The Castlerua guardians on August 6 unanimously resolved to expend £1,000 on the erection of a doctor's residence and dispensary at Frenchpark.

Rev. M. P. Hart of New Britain, Conn., was a recent visitor to Sligo.

Died—August 10, Owen Brennan, Mullaghroe, aged 74 years. August 11, Francis Johnston, Killeummin, Clonsilla.

## UNITED IRISH LEAGUE CONVENTION.

Sunday, September 25.—Arrival of Irish envoys, John Redmond, M. P., chairman Irish Parliamentary party; T. P. O'Connor, M. P.; Joseph Devlin, M. P., and Daniel Boyle, M. P., in New York by steamship Baltic.

Monday, September 26.—Arrival of envoys and national committee in Buffalo. 9 p. m.—Special meeting of national committee. Hotel Ingham, 5.3 p. m.—Complimentary entertainment and smoker for delegates and

visitors given by Parnell branch U. I. L. of Buffalo. Loyal Order of Moose hall.

Tuesday, September 27, 10 a. m.—National convention, Convention hall, Elmwood avenue and Virginia street. Prayer by Right Rev. Charles H. Colton, D. D., Bishop of Buffalo. Welcoming of city of Buffalo by His Honor Louis P. Fuhrmann, mayor of Buffalo. Morning and afternoon sessions of convention. 8 p. m.—Great mass meeting, Convention hall.

Wednesday, September 28, 10 a. m.—Convention, assemblies, Convention hall; regular business addresses by envoys from Ireland. 8 p. m.—Reception and entertainment for lady visitors by Parnell branch United Irish league of Buffalo.

Friday, September 30, 10 a. m.—meeting, Toronto, Canada. Mr. O'Connor.

Sunday, October 2.—Public meeting, New York City, to be addressed by all four delegates from Ireland, John E. Redmond, M. P.; T. P. O'Connor, M. P.; Joseph Devlin, M. P., and Daniel Boyle, M. P.

Wednesday, October 5.—Public meeting, Philadelphia, to be addressed by Mr. Redmond, Mr. Devlin and Mr. Boyle. Mr. O'Connor in Ottawa.

Thursday, October 6.—T. P. O'Connor, M. P., in Montreal.

Friday, October 7.—T. P. O'Connor, M. P., in Quebec.

Sunday, October 9.—Public meeting, Symphony hall, Boston, to be addressed by Messrs. Redmond, Devlin and Boyle. Mr. O'Connor in Rochester, N. Y.

Wednesday, October 12.—Public meeting, Pittsburgh, to be addressed by Mr. Redmond and Mr. Boyle.

Sunday, October 16.—Public meeting, Cincinnati, to be addressed by all four delegates.

Tuesday, October 18.—Public meeting, Chicago, to be addressed by all four delegates.

Wednesday, October 19.—Public meeting, St. Louis, to be addressed by all four delegates.

After the St. Louis meeting the delegates will separate. Mr. Redmond will then speak in Indianapolis, October 20; Toledo, O., October 22; Cleveland, O., October 23; Detroit, Mich., October 26; Syracuse, N. Y., October 30; Albany, N. Y., November 1; Worcester, Mass., November 6; and then in succession before sailing, Lowell and Fall River, Mass.; Providence, R. I.; Hartford, Conn.; Brooklyn, N. Y.; Trenton, N. J., and Baltimore, Md.

Joseph Devlin, M. P., following the St. Louis meeting, will speak with Mr. Redmond in Indianapolis on October 20; then in succession in Louisville, Ky.; Lexington, Ky.; Knoxville and Nashville, Tenn.; Chattanooga and Memphis, Tenn.; Vicksburg and Jackson, Miss.; New Orleans, La.; Houston and Dallas, Tex.; Mobile, Montgomery and Birmingham, Ala.; and Macon and Savannah, Ga.

Mr. Boyle's tour west of St. Louis will include Jefferson City, Kansas City and St. Joseph, Mo.; Des Moines, Ia.; Topeka, Kan.; Omaha and Lincoln, Neb.; Sioux City, Ia.; St. Paul and Minneapolis, Minn.; Duluth, Minn.; Grand Forks, N. D.; Pueblo and Denver, Colo.; Cheyenne, Wyo.; Salt Lake City, Utah; San Francisco, Los Angeles and Sacramento, Cal.; Boise City, Ida.; Butte and Helena, Mont.; Spokane, Seattle and Tacoma, state of Washington, and Portland, Ore.

## SPECULATIVE JOURNALISM AND THE CONSISTORY.

It is the custom for journalists in Rome to commence every September fixing the date of "the approaching consistory," and at the same time to distribute with generosity a reasonable number of cardinals' hats. "The middle of November" is a common date, and that failing, the first week in January finds favor, for there is no subject in which you can be so delightfully vague, nor by which you can cover so much space without giving a particle of information, as that of a papal consistory.

The consistory which was to have been held so often, according to newspapers, during the past two years, may or may not be held next November. I have heard it probably will, and I have also heard that it prove "a consistory of surprises." It was always easy to prophesy for the past two years that Mgr. Biletti, majordomo of the Vatican, would be elevated to the sacred college at the first opportunity; but prophecies concerning all others are to be taken with a good deal of reserve. The fact that the consistory has been deferred so long, despite the unusual number of vacancies in the ranks of the sacred college, makes evident the existence of difficulties which the Holy See may not have surmounted. However, I have heard it stated that those who have been least spoken of as coming cardinals are the most likely to be the choice of Pius X in a few months' time to sit in the senate of the Church.

Some novel features were presented at the annual Oireachtas, held in Dublin, the first week of August, in the historic round room of the rotundo. Besides an address in Irish by Dr. Douglas Hyde, a concert an ode recited by Maudie O'Connell, and an oration by Father Andrew Kelleher, Liverpool, there was a reception of foreign delegates, in connection with which a speech in Spanish was delivered by Senor Foley, of the Gaelic league, Argentine, and a speech in Gaelic by Mr. John MacLeod, delegate from the Mod, Scotland.

## CATHOLICS IN ENGLAND.

The Catholic Times (London) thus gives emphatic expression to the sentiment of the Catholic masses in England in favor of democratic reforms including home rule for Ireland: "Catholics, taken in the mass, are overwhelmingly democratic. They desire to see the way made clear for reforms in England and for home rule in Ireland. This can be done only by securing, and securing by statute, the supremacy of the representative chamber in the legislative work of the nation. The interruption by the House of Lords into the region of finance has put the democracy of England, Scotland and Wales shoulder to shoulder with the democracy of Ireland in demanding that the rule of the hereditary families shall cease. There is a conference sitting to decide whether that can be settled by agreement. Public curiosity is deeply stirred by the spectacle of the hereditary lords, on each political party, engaged on the difficult task of producing lines of peace in a land of war. Will they succeed? At the latest, we should know in November. If there is failure of agreement, then at any the smothered feelings will burst forth, and flame and fire will fan to white heat."

## IRISH FESTIVAL IN DUBLIN.

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## CONSPIRACY IN INDIA.

The news from India is distinctly disquieting. The territories are so vast and the recollection of the incidents of the mutiny and the secrecy with which they are planned inspires so much anxiety as to the possible extension of a plot or plot that information respecting the actual nature and scope of the conspiracy which has been unearthed is awaited with eagerness. Up to the present the telegrams published by the daily papers give few definite details, but such as there are, they appear to indicate that the conspirators have been working up a scheme having for its object nothing less than the overthrow of British rule. In Calcutta, Rangoon and elsewhere, many persons have been made. The accused, according to reports from Dacca and Calcutta, are, at least in some cases, men of intelligence and social standing, and it is stated that documents which have been found in their possession show that they are members of a secret association, branches of which have been established in almost every part of India. It is said that cartridge making machinery has been seized and that the evidence shows that the police points to an intention not so much regarding isolated acts of hostility as

"Nothing can put back the resolve of the democracy of these islands to have done with the brake of hereditary privilege slowing down the wheel of social and political progress. That fact is so clear that staunch Tories recognize the futility of going to the country with the House of Lords as an election cry. But the settlement of principles and the settlement of a constitutional character needs very careful handling and requires cautious consideration, which demands time. Every aspect of the matter must be viewed in its results on future legislative progress weighed and estimated. Let then the conference take time, if it only be able to announce in November that time has been used to good purpose. A settlement by accord between both political parties will be welcomed by us all. But it must be a real settlement. And such a settlement cannot be considered real which does not clear the path of social progress from all obstacles and paves the way for the grant of home rule by curbing the power of the unelected peers."

## IRISH HUMOR.

James Anthony Froude once wrote: "We have heard much of the wrongs of Ireland, the miseries of Ireland, the crimes of Ireland; every cloud has its sunny side and when all is said Ireland is still the most beautiful island in the world, and, assuming themselves, though their temperaments are ill-matched with ours, are still among the most interesting of people." It would be hard to pay a more eloquent tribute to the Irish people and their country, and yet it is a tribute merited praise, for misfortune and persecution have never been able to wean the Irish from their sunny disposition. Irish wit and humor have sent many a ripple of laughter over the country, and yet it is a tribute that none but an Irishman could use so given his thought with. It is no doubt on account of this sunny temperament that the Irish are, in the words of Froude, among the most interesting of people.

It seems paradoxical that a sunny disposition should be associated with so much misery as the Irish people have suffered—a paradox that may be explained by the fact that the world that the good and evil in the world are never wholly unbalanced. The Irish have been deprived of their right to self government but no means have been found to restrain them from turning the laugh on all comers. Their rights have been wrested from them, but their cheerfulness never. Ireland with its picturesque landscapes, its green hills and greener valleys, its placid lakes and smiling rivers, its salubrious climate and its everlasting touch of spring, is a fit home for a happy, humorous race. The natural charms of the country are conducive to cheerfulness and the Irish character is distinguished by all but the sunshine of its surroundings.

Irish literature is an expression of the happy thoughts of a light-hearted people in which enduring gems of expression are not rare. The love songs that have inspired by fair colons are myriads in numbers, and in them may be found combined with inimitable melody sly terms of affection in which humor and sentimentality are beautifully mingled. Prose and poetry alike are leavened with passages that are powerful in refreshing the weary mind and dispelling the gloom of unpleasant surroundings.

The world owes much to the Irish for their contribution to the world's mind. Many a gathering has been swept by sally after sally of laughter just because an ingenious Irishman created some ridiculous tale. Every one enjoys the Irishman's humor because it is clean and wholesome and contains those qualities that make the sides convulse and shake from mind and body every trace of care—Irish Standard.

## THE SHANNON'S STREAM.

By Gerald Griffin.  
Tis it the Shannon's stream  
Brightly glancing, brightly glancing,  
See, oh, see the ruddy beam  
Upon the water dancing.  
Thus returned from travel vain,  
Years of exile, years of pain,  
To see old Shannon's face again,  
Oh, the bliss entrancing.  
Hail, our own majestic stream,  
Flowing ever, flowing ever,  
Silent in the morning beam,  
Our own majestic river!

Fling thy rocky portals wide,  
Western ocean, western ocean,  
Beny ye hills, on either side,  
In solemn, deep devotion;  
While before the rising gales  
On leaving surface, sail ye  
Half the wealth of Erin's sales  
With undulating motion.  
Hail, our own beloved stream,  
Flowing ever, flowing ever,  
Silent in the morning beam,  
Our own majestic river!

On thy bosom deep and wide  
Noble river, lordly river,  
Royal navies might safe ride,  
Green Erin's lovely river!  
Prank thy banks to dwell,  
Let me ring Ambitions' knell,  
Lured by hopes illusive spell  
Again to wander, never.  
Hail, our own romantic stream,  
Flowing ever, flowing ever,  
Silent in the morning beam,  
Our own majestic river!

Let me from thy placid course,  
Gentle river, mighty river,  
Draw truth and silent force  
As sophist uttered never.  
Thus, like thee, unchanged still,  
With tranquil breast and ordered will  
My heaven-appointed course fulfill,  
Undeviating ever!  
Hail, our own majestic stream,  
Flowing ever, flowing ever,  
Silent in the morning beam,  
Our own delightful river!

## CONSPIRACY IN INDIA.

The news from India is distinctly disquieting. The territories are so vast and the recollection of the incidents of the mutiny and the secrecy with which they are planned inspires so much anxiety as to the possible extension of a plot or plot that information respecting the actual nature and scope of the conspiracy which has been unearthed is awaited with eagerness. Up to the present the telegrams published by the daily papers give few definite details, but such as there are, they appear to indicate that the conspirators have been working up a scheme having for its object nothing less than the overthrow of British rule. In Calcutta, Rangoon and elsewhere, many persons have been made. The accused, according to reports from Dacca and Calcutta, are, at least in some cases, men of intelligence and social standing, and it is stated that documents which have been found in their possession show that they are members of a secret association, branches of which have been established in almost every part of India. It is said that cartridge making machinery has been seized and that the evidence shows that the police points to an intention not so much regarding isolated acts of hostility as

a general outbreak. Most probably the situation is not at all so serious as it is represented to be by the newspapers. But it is, of course, beyond doubt that the authorities in India have just now an exceedingly difficult task to perform. Whilst they are executing it the disposition in this country will be to assume that they will avoid all unnecessary harshness.

## MR. ASQUITH'S LEADERSHIP.

Nothing succeeds like success. And that is true of Mr. Asquith's prime ministership. There have been times when his acts led to severe criticism, and when the hopes of fervent democrats sank very low at the sight of what seemed compliance, compromise and weakness on the part of the chief of the cabinet. But they did not altogether desist. They felt that Mr. Asquith had a difficult legacy to manage, and somehow or other he succeeded in managing it. When the supreme moment came, he was able to act satisfactorily and to master his cabinet with him. As the British Weekly remarks, "When the prime minister first met this parliament his beginnings promised little but trouble. But as time has gone on he has steadily strengthened his position and resumed his old ascendancy in the cabinet and in the country." We believe that judgment is well warranted. We all know how brilliantly Mr. Asquith handled the business of securing a change in the cabinet, and a victory for the Liberal party. And we feel confident that, when time reveals the secrets of the conference Mr. Asquith will be able to declare that he has either won for the democracy or, if that be not so, has at least yielded not one inch of ground that belongs to the people. Either declaration will secure his position in parliament and in the country.

## MR. REDMOND AND THE CONFERENCE.

The leader of the Nationalist party, like a wise man, keeps his own counsel in these days of expectation and anxiety over the results of the conference on the future of the House of Lords. He can afford to await events, for he has the power of deciding their ultimate fate. All this to the Guardian is a matter of anger, and makes it say: "Mr. Redmond is the declared enemy of England, and the sooner the constitution was knocked to pieces, or collapsed, the better he would be pleased. The curious thing about this is that the man who, although they vote with Mr. Redmond, are not stormy petrels, and yet apparently do not in the least appreciate the peril they are lightly inviting when they endeavor to force their leaders to tread the path of revolution." The curious thing to us is that the Guardian can print such words and not see the smile with which its readers will peruse them. Mr. Redmond is not an enemy of England; he wants no revolution; he merely wants home rule. And we have every confidence that he will get what he wants. He is master of the present political situation, and the end will show how completely he understands his own position and that of the ministry. Indeed, the very fact that he is master of the situation is the real cause of such outbursts as this of the Guardian. Were Mr. Redmond weak, he would be unfeared.

## THIRTY THOUSAND ASCEND CROAGH PATRICK MOUNTAIN.

In spite of inclement weather, some 30,000 people ascended Croagh Patrick mountain the first Sunday of August. Masses were celebrated in St. Patrick's chapel on the summit by twenty-five priests from Ireland, Rome, Spain, France, the United States, England, Scotland and Australia. America was represented by Rev. P. J. O'Reilly, S. J., Los Angeles; Rev. John Waters, Oregon, and Rev. M. Scanlan, Harrisburg. Archbishop Healy, who blessed the pilgrims ascending and descending the mountain, sent the following message to the Pope: "The Archbishop of Tuam, with the priests and people from all parts of Ireland and from many other countries assembled in pilgrimage on Croagh Patrick mountain, send to the Holy Father Pius X the same greetings which St. Patrick himself from this same spot sent to Leo the Great, an expression of unflinching loyalty and affection for his person and his throne, and prostrate on our knees we humbly beg his Apostolic Benediction." Cardinal Merry del Val immediately cabled in reply: "The Holy Father, deeply touched at expression of filial homage, He affectionately blesses your Grace, with the clergy and people assembled in pilgrimage to Croagh Patrick mountain." Over thirty special trains conveyed pilgrims from all parts of Ireland. The principal addresses delivered were in the Gaelic language.

## ALL MORE OR LESS IRISH.

In a letter from Ireland to his own paper at Emporia, Kan., William Allen White, a journalist of national renown, says:

Nearly all Americans are more or less Irish. If they are not Irish by blood they are by temperament. So any journey to Europe pretending to be a visit to the home of our forefathers would be a miserable failure if it omitted Ireland. For Ireland's influence is one of the big things of our life. And we must come to Ireland to realize it. To superficial observers, such as we are in the very nature of the case, Ireland seems to be so much like America that one wonders whether or not England or Ireland is the real fatherland. In the first place, the Americans talk English as if it spoke in Dublin. The American can come nearer understanding the common people of England, whatever accent there is between the three of us—English, Irish, Americans—Irish. The Irish language is full of words that the Americans understand.

## ANCIENT IRISH MONUMENTS.

Replying in the parliamentary papers to Mr. Hugh Law, Mr. Birrell stated that he managed the monuments which the board of works has been able to accept the vesting as of sufficient historical, artistic or traditional interest are: Drumbo Round Tower, County Down; Tara Hill, County Meath; Arbanoe Abbey, near Celbridge, County Tyrone. Amongst those which the county councils have consented to being vested in them are: Mahee Castle, Round Tower and Church, County Down; Giant's Grave, County Tyrone; Fionn's Folly and Danish Fort, County Cavan.

## COMPENSATION.

How many an acorn falls to die  
For one that makes a tree!  
How many a heart must pass me by  
For one that cleaves to me!  
How many suppliant waves of sound  
Must still unheeded roll,  
For one that has torn the tempest that found  
An echo in my soul!

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## The Contest Is On

Four ladies have signified their intention of winning the watch and chain if possible. We will not publish the ladies' names until the end of the contest. Of the four already in the race, three live in Salt Lake City and one lives in Ogden. Between now and next Sunday there will be many others in the race. There is no time limited as to when you may commence, but the contest will close on October 15th at 10 o'clock p. m. The sooner you commence, the better.

The following shows the position of the contestants at present:

No. 1, 2,150 votes      No. 3, 2,450 votes  
No. 2, 2,150 votes      No. 4, 2,180 votes

Votes are obtained by the number of honest debts and volume of business you turn in for collection.

This contest is for ladies only. Turn in all of your own claims and get as many claims as you can from your friends and relatives, merchants, blacksmiths and others.

The solid gold watch and chain with eight diamond settings will be given away free to the lady who turns in the greatest number of honest debts and volume of business between now and the close of the contest. The lady turning in the second greatest number of claims and volume of business will receive \$40.00 in cash.

The watch and chain are on exhibition at the Daynes Jewelry company, No. 128 South Main street, Salt Lake City. The case is solid 14-karat gold with seven diamond settings therein. The chain is solid 14-karat gold with diamond setting in slide. The movement is a genuine 17-jewel adjusted Elgin. The watch, chain and movement were purchased by us from the Daynes Jewelry company for this contest, and they guarantee them in every particular to be just as represented.

This is an easy way for you to obtain a fine watch and chain. Everybody believes honest debts should be paid. Everybody will help you to win the prize if you make an effort.

The contest will be on in earnest in the next few days, and you should commence at once.

You can also have your friends turn their bills in with the understanding that the votes are to be credited to your number.

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